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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/031,752	01/23/2002	Bruce J. Nosky	46151-268469 (18010-0061)	8340
23370	7590	07/30/2004	EXAMINER	
JOHN S. PRATT, ESQ KILPATRICK STOCKTON, LLP 1100 PEACHTREE STREET ATLANTA, GA 30309			NAVARRO, ALBERT MARK	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1645	

DATE MAILED: 07/30/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

8/1/04

Advisory Action

Application No.

10/031,752

Applicant(s)

NOSKY ET AL

Examiner

Mark Navarro

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--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

THE REPLY FILED 16 June 2004 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to avoid abandonment of this application. A proper reply to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) a timely filed amendment which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee); or (3) a timely filed Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.

PERIOD FOR REPLY [check either a) or b)]

- a) ☐ The period for reply expires _____ months from the mailing date of the final rejection.
- b) ☒ The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).

Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

1. ☐ A Notice of Appeal was filed on _____. Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal.
2. ☐ The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered because:
- (a) ☐ they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);
 - (b) ☐ they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below);
 - (c) ☐ they are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or
 - (d) ☐ they present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.

NOTE: _____.

3. ☐ Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): _____.
4. ☐ Newly proposed or amended claim(s) _____ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).
5. ☒ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☒ request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See attached.
6. ☐ The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered because it is not directed SOLELY to issues which were newly raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.
7. ☒ For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment(s) a) ☐ will not be entered or b) ☒ will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.

The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:

Claim(s) allowed: _____.

Claim(s) objected to: _____.

Claim(s) rejected: 32-41, 44-69.

Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: _____.

8. ☐ The drawing correction filed on _____ is a) ☐ approved or b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
9. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). _____.
10. ☐ Other: _____.

ADVISORY ACTION

Applicants amendment after final filed June 16, 2004 has been received and entered.

Claims 42-43 have been canceled and new claims 54-69 have been added. Consequently claims 32-41, and 44-69 are pending in the instant application.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

1. The rejection of claims 32-41, and 44-53 under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-19 of U.S. Patent No. 5,759,554 is maintained. Additionally this rejection is applied to newly added claims 54-69.

It is noted that Applicants had previously agreed to submit a terminal disclaimer but have now for the first time argued the merits of the rejection.

Applicants assert that two different mycobacterial cell wall extracts are involved, more specifically, the compositions of the '554 patent comprise "an aqueous suspension of an insoluble bacterial cell wall fraction that does not contain oil."

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Applicants arguments have been fully considered but are not found to be fully persuasive.

First, Applicants assert that two different mycobacterial cell wall extracts are involved. However, Applicants are directed back to their own claims. The instantly filed claims recite “mycobacterial cell wall extract.” As such numerous antigens, proteins, receptors, etc. are contained within this extract. Exactly what structures are excluded from this extract to differentiate it from that of the ‘554 patent? Applicants have offered no identity to this “extract” difference.

Finally, Applicants assert that the ‘554 patent comprises a suspension that does not contain oil. However, Applicants are respectfully directed to their own instantly filed claims. The claims recite a cell wall extract. No limitation that the composition must contain oil is found. Accordingly, the two cell wall extracts are not clearly different as argued by Applicants.

For reasons of record as well as the reasons set forth above, this rejection is maintained.

2. The rejection of claims 32-41, and 44-53 under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-5 of U.S. Patent No. 5,632,995 is maintained. Additionally this rejection is applied to newly added claims 54-69.

Applicants are asserting that the claims of the ‘955 patent mandate that the compositions be administered prior to ovulation. Applicants assert that in contrast, the claims of the present application involve the administration of the compositions between one hour and 28 days of age. Applicants finally assert that the ‘955 patent are directed to the treatment of a parent animal.

Applicants arguments have been fully considered but are not found to be fully persuasive.

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Applicants arguments are not found to be fully persuasive in view that an age of between one hour and 28 days of age is prior to ovulation. There is no limitation of the time period for this "prior to ovulation" to take place. Given that the age range of hours to 28 days is prior to the onset of sexual competency, Applicants arguments are not deemed persuasive.

Finally, Applicants argue that the '955 patent is directed to the treatment of a parent animal. However Applicants are again directed back to their claims. There is no recitation of the age, nor is there a requirement that the animal must have already given birth.

For reasons of record, as well as the reasons set forth above, this rejection is maintained.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mark Navarro whose telephone number is (571) 272-0861. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynette Smith can be reached on (571) 272-0864. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



Mark Navarro
Primary Examiner
July 27, 2004